The Relationship Between Movie Theatre Attendance and Streaming Behavior

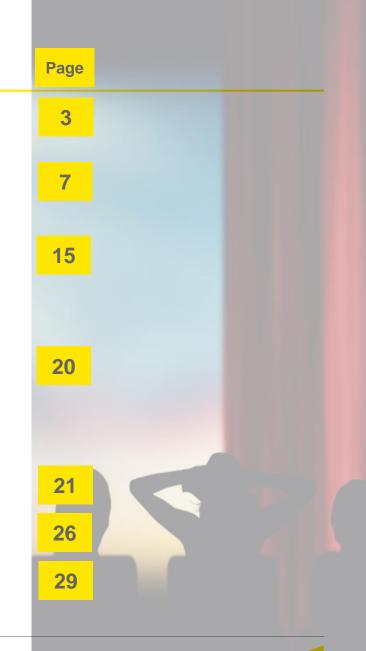
Survey Findings

February 2020



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I: About this study

- All results in this study are based on an EY survey fielded in November 2019 that asked questions about:
 - Movie theatre attendance over the last twelve months
 - Streaming consumption over the last twelve months
 - Awareness of movies released in theaters and its impact on home viewing
 - Demographic information (race, age, income, etc.)
- The survey included 2,015 respondents who saw at least one movie in theatres over the last twelve months and an additional 505 respondents who did not see any movie in theatres.
- Of the 2,520 total respondents, 79% of the respondents streamed at least one hour of online content per week over the last twelve months, and 69% saw at least one movie in theatres and streamed at least one hour of online content per week in the last twelve months.

Unless otherwise noted, the survey results presented in this study only include respondents who saw at least one movie in theatres <u>and</u> streamed at least one hour of online content per week in the last twelve months. These 1,734 respondents are called "dual-consumers" (DC's).



II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers

During the last 12 months, about how many times did you go to the movies at theatres?

1 movies 11% 16% 2 movies 3 movies 12% 4 movies 11% 10% 5 movies Mean*: 6 movies 10% 6 visits 7 movies 3% 5% 8 movies 9 movies 3% 19% 10 or more movies

During the last 12 months, on average, how many hours per week would you say you spent streaming online-subscription content or downloads from any of the following services?



*Means are reported as 95% trimmed means.



Positive relationship between movie theatre attendance and streaming behavior

Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption are positively related – those who attend movies in theatres more frequently also tend to consume streaming content more frequently

		Number of visits to a movie theatre over the last 12 months							
ţ		1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more				
Hours per week spent streaming	1 to 3 hours	35%	27%	17%	12%				
	4 to 7 hours	30%	31%	33%	27%				
	8 to 14 hours	19%	23%	27%	26%				
	15 or more hours	15%	19%	23%	35%				
	# of respondents	468	579	305	382				
_	Mean* hours spent streaming	7 hr/wk	8 hr/wk	10 hr/wk	12 hr/wk				

Of dual-consumers (DC's) who visited a movie theatre twice at most in the last 12 months, 35% streamed less than 4 hours per week. Of DC's who reported 9 or more visits to a movie theatre in the last 12 months, only 12% streamed less than 4 hours per week.

Of DC's who visited a movie theatre twice at most in the last 12 months, only 15% streamed online content for 15 or more hours per week.

Note: Figures may not appear to sum due to rounding. *Means are reported as 95% trimmed means. Of DC's who reported 9 or more visits to a movie theatre in the last 12 months, 61% streamed online content for 8 or more hours per week, and 35% streamed at least 15 hours per week.



Nearly half of those who did not visit a movie theatre in the last 12 months did not stream online content

Online streaming behavior of those who did not visit a movie theatre in the last 12 months

Did not stream	47%
1 to 3 hours	17%
4 to 7 hours	12%
8 to 14 hours	12%
15 or more hours	12%
# of respondents	505

Mean* hours spent streaming

4 hr/wk

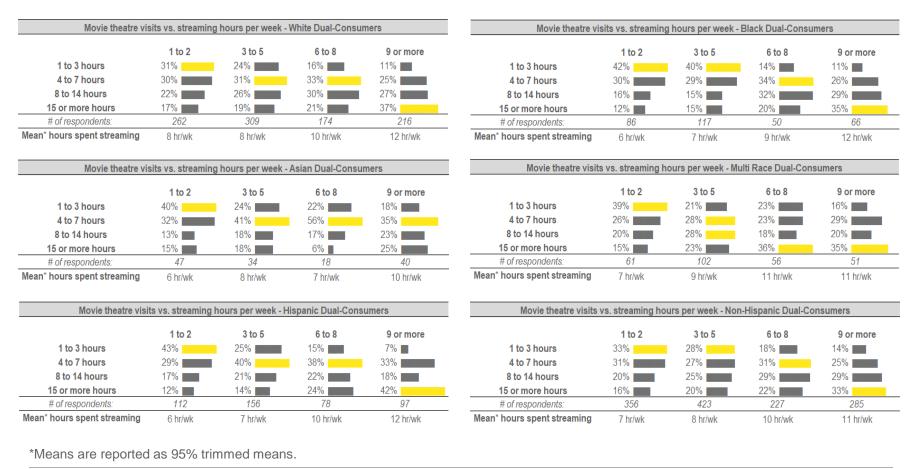
Of those who didn't visit a movie theatre in the last 12 months, nearly half (47%) didn't stream any online content.

Of those who did not visit a movie theatre at all in the last 12 months, about 24% streamed online content for 8 or more hours per week.

Note: Figures may not appear to sum due to rounding. *Means are reported as 95% trimmed means.

II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers by race/ethnicity

The positive relationship between movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption is strong across all races/ethnicities - the mean hours spent streaming per week generally increases with the number of movie theatre visits in the last 12 months.



II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers by age group

Across all age groups, those respondents that visited a movie theatre 9 or more times on average in the last 12 months also streamed at least 9 hours of online content per week.

Movie theatre visits v	s. streaming l	nours per week	- Dual-Consu	mers Ages 13-17	Movie theatre visits v	s. streaming	hours per wee	k - Dual-Consu	mers Ages 18-37
	1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more		1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more
1 to 3 hours	17%	16%	17%	6%	1 to 3 hours	43%	27%	12%	11% 📩
4 to 7 hours	40%	25%	21%	25%	4 to 7 hours	26%	37%	40%	30%
8 to 14 hours	31%	33%	38%	31%	8 to 14 hours	14%	19%	26%	21%
15 or more hours	13%	25%	25%	38%	15 or more hours	16%	16%	21%	38%
# of respondents:	72	111	72	103	# of respondents:	202	281	122	136
an* hours spent streaming	8 hr/wk	10 hr/wk	11 hr/wk	13 hr/wk	Mean* hours spent streaming	7 hr/wk	8 hr/wk	9 hr/wk	12 hr/wk

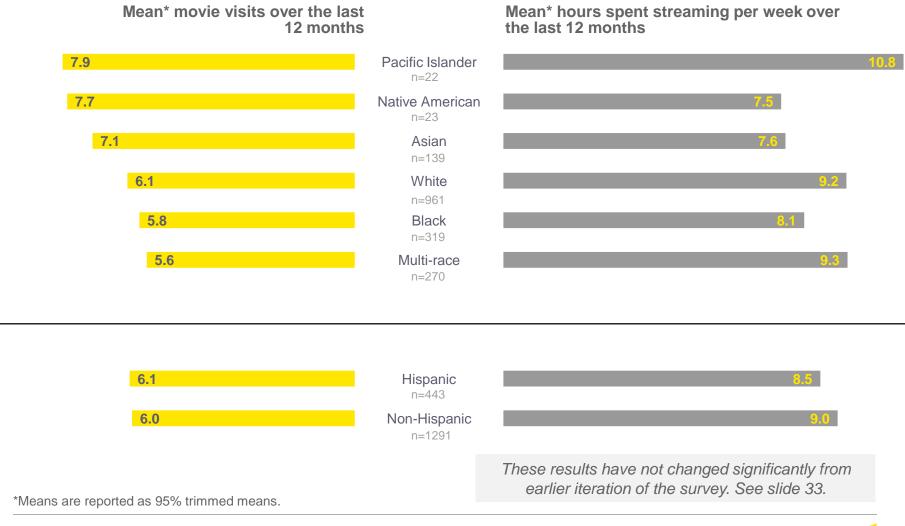
Movie theatre visits v	ours per week	 Dual-Consur 	mers Ages 38-52	Movie theatre visits v	Movie theatre visits vs. streaming hours per week - Dual-Consumers Ages 53-7				
	1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more		1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more
1 to 3 hours	31%	28%	19%	12%	1 to 3 hours	37%	39%	29%	23%
4 to 7 hours	30%	23%	32%	20%	4 to 7 hours	32%	28%	34%	30%
8 to 14 hours	19%	26%	20%	30%	8 to 14 hours	25%	22%	26%	23%
15 or more hours	19%	23%	29%	37%	15 or more hours	7%	11%	11% 📩	23%
# of respondents:	115	112	75	83	# of respondents:	73	72	35	56
lean* hours spent streaming	8 hr/wk	9 hr/wk	10 hr/wk	12 hr/wk	Mean* hours spent streaming	6 hr/wk	6 hr/wk	7 hr/wk	9 hr/wk

*Means are reported as 95% trimmed means.

Note: Dual-Consumers ages 73+ are not shown as no movie attendance range includes more than six respondents.

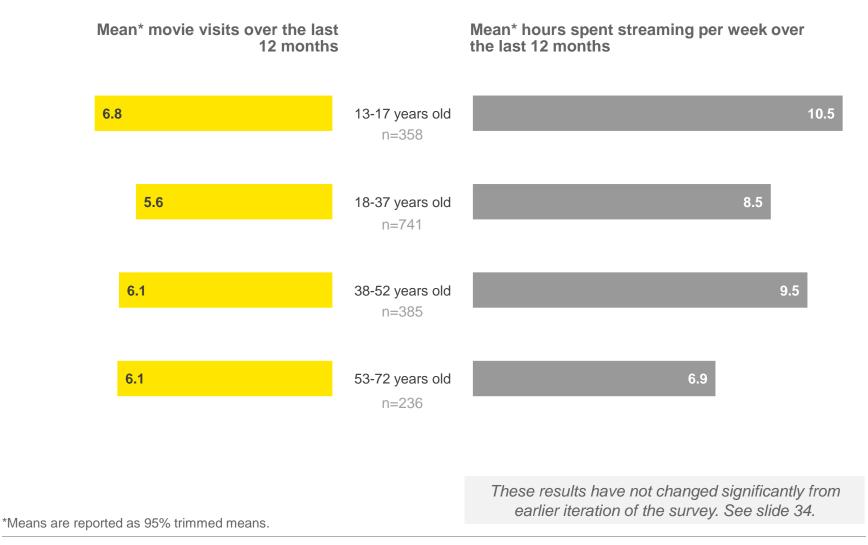


II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers by race





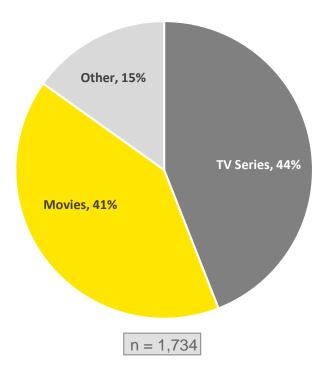
II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers by age





II: Streaming content, dual-consumers

Of the time you spent streaming, what percentage of the time would you say you spent streaming the following content?

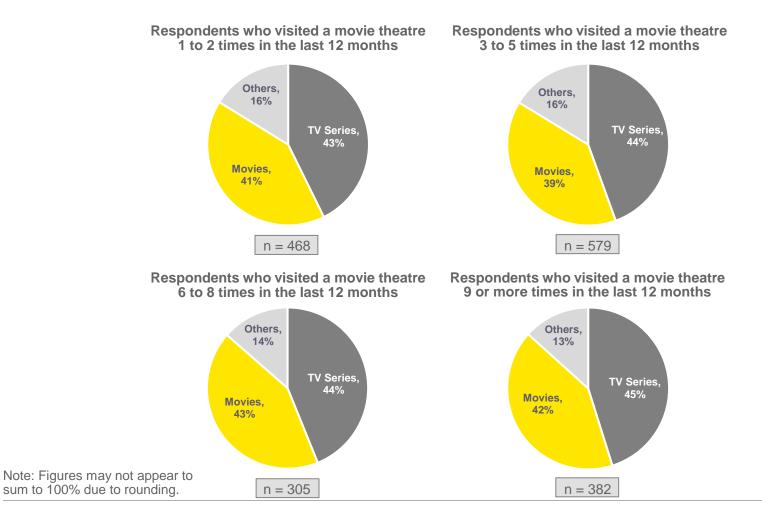


Note: The streaming content groups were described to respondents as the following: TV Series - a group of episodes of a television program released simultaneously or broadcasted in regular intervals Movies - films/motion pictures usually anywhere from 1-3 hours in length Other - sports, comedy specials, etc.



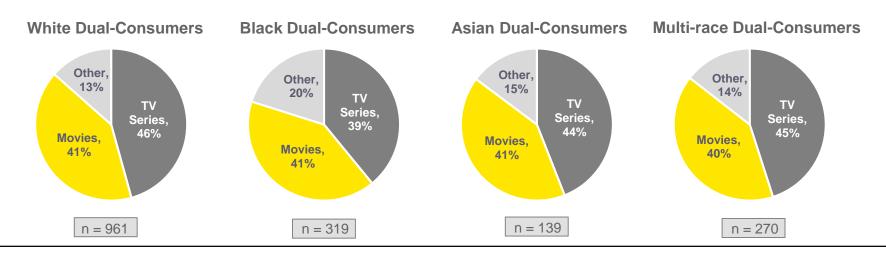
II: Streaming content, dual-consumers by movie theatre attendance

Of the time you spent streaming, what percentage of the time would you say you spent streaming the following content?



II: Streaming content, dual-consumers by race

Of the time you spent streaming, what percentage of the time would you say you spent streaming the following content?

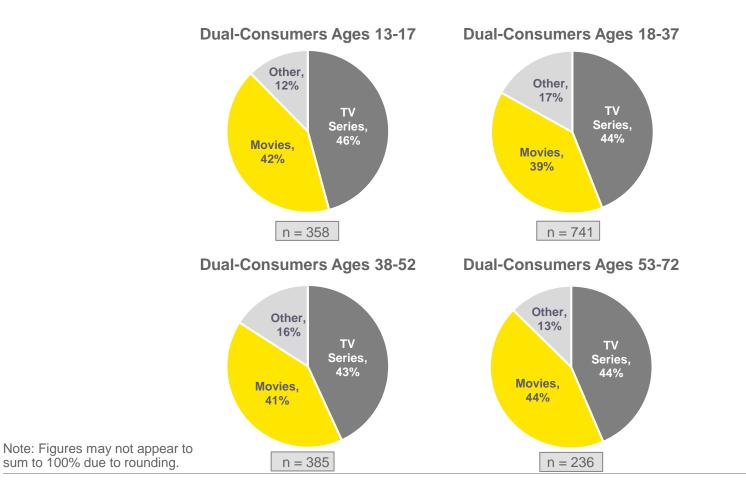


Hispanic Dual-Consumers Non-Hispanic Dual-Consumers Other, Other, 15% 17% TV TV Series. Series. 43% 44% Movies. Movies. 41% 40% Note: Figures may not appear to n = 443 n = 1,291sum to 100% due to rounding.



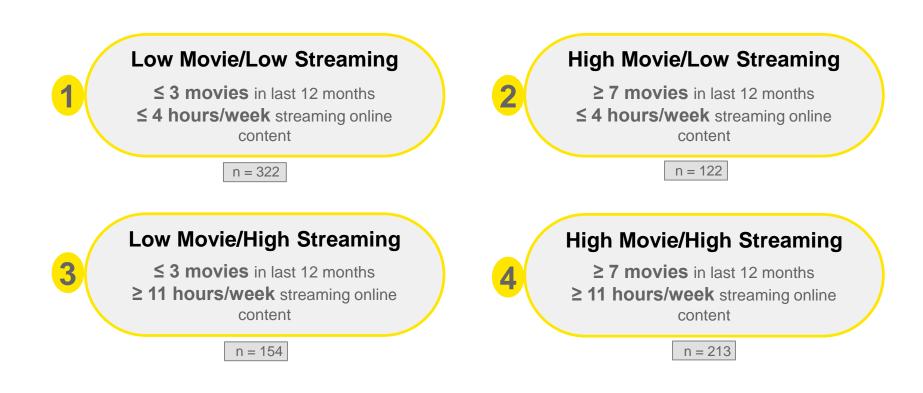
II: Streaming content, dual-consumers by age group

Of the time you spent streaming, what percentage of the time would you say you spent streaming the following content?



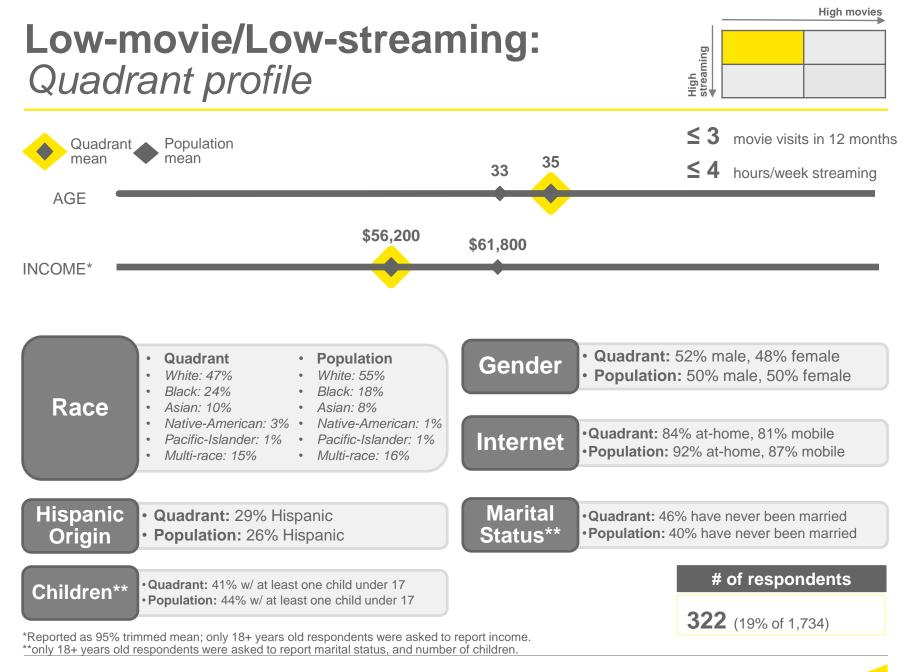


III: Quadrant Analysis: Segmenting dualconsumers into four quadrants

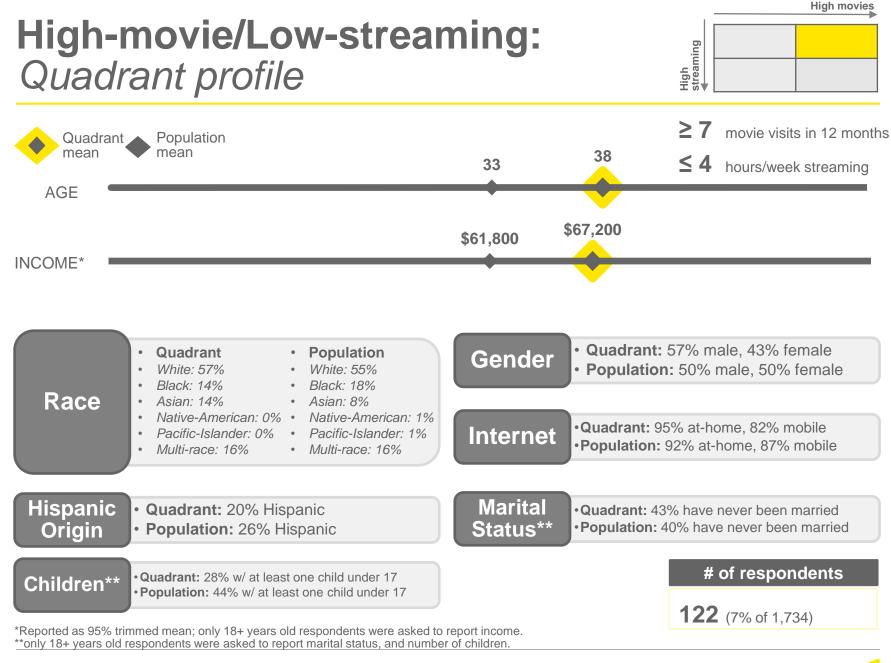


Note: Only 811 of the 1,734 dual-consumers fall into one of the four quadrants. The remaining 923 dual-consumers reported 4 to 6 movie theatre visits and 5 to 10 hours of streaming online content.

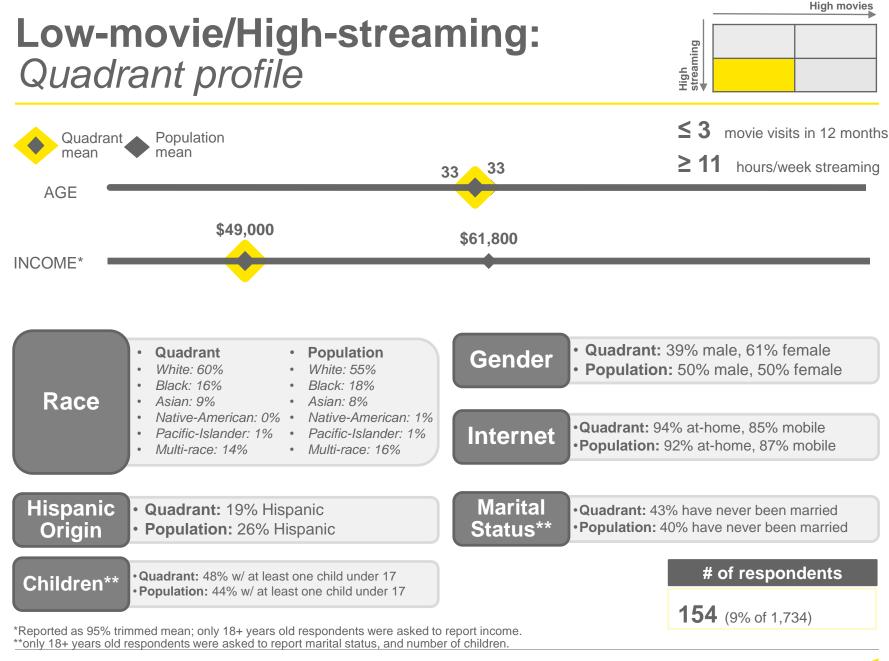




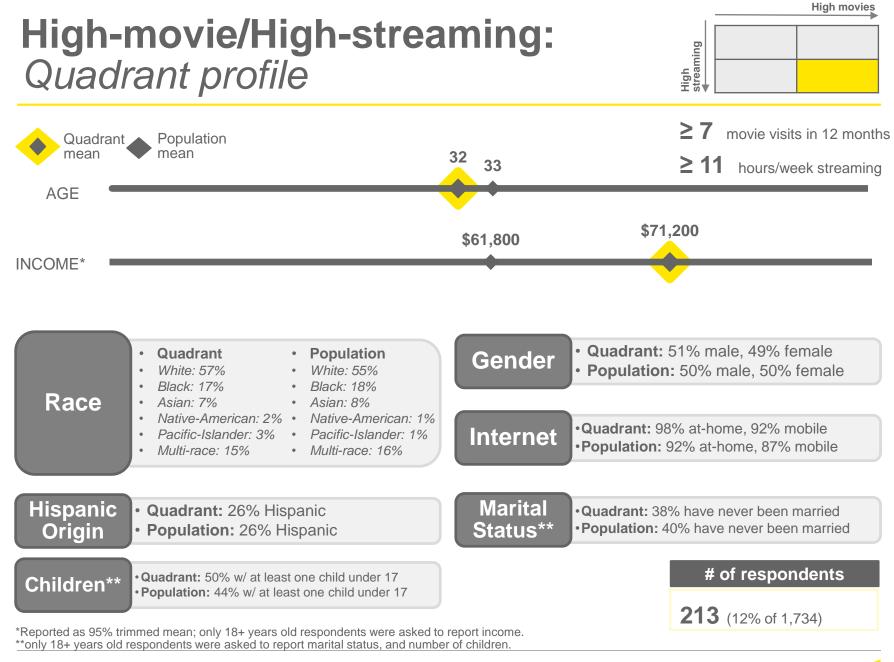














IV: Impact of in-theatre movie release on streaming behavior

Streaming services typically offer a mix of movies to their subscribers, some of which have been released previously in movie theaters and others which have not. Thinking about movies you watch using a streaming service, how often are you aware of whether or not the movie was released in a movie theater?

Response	Percentage	
Always	16%	
Usually	35%	
Sometimes	28%	
Rarely	8%	
Never	13%	
Total	100.0%	
Sample Size	2,520	

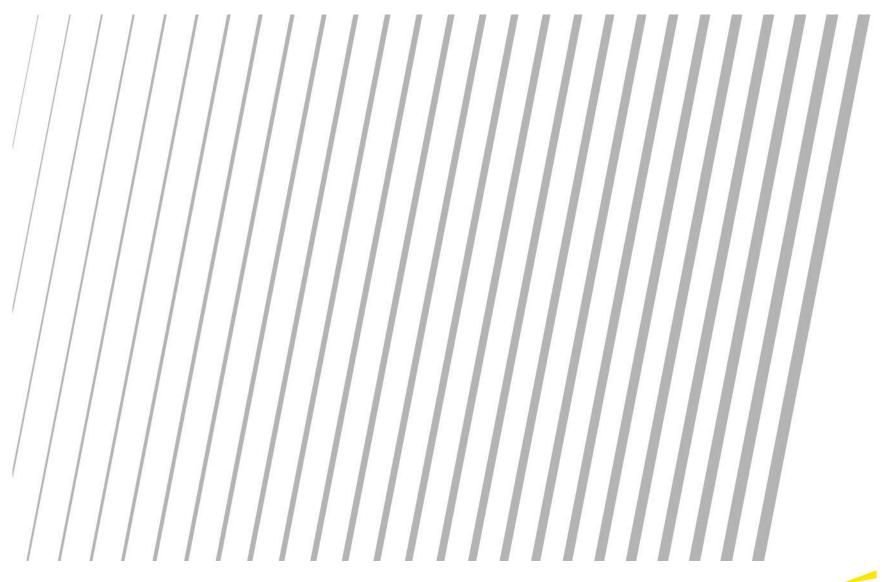
Respondents that were aware of movies' in-theatre releases were more likely to stream a movie when they knew it was released in theatres.

	Always or Usually	Sometimes or Rarely	Total
I am more likely to stream a movie if I know it has been released in a movie theatre	62%	40%	53%
My decision to stream a movie is not impacted by knowing whether it has been released in a movie theatre	35%	51%	42%
I am less likely to stream a movie if I know it has been released in a movie theatre	3%	9%	6%
Total	100%	100%	100%
Sample size	1,286	905	2,191

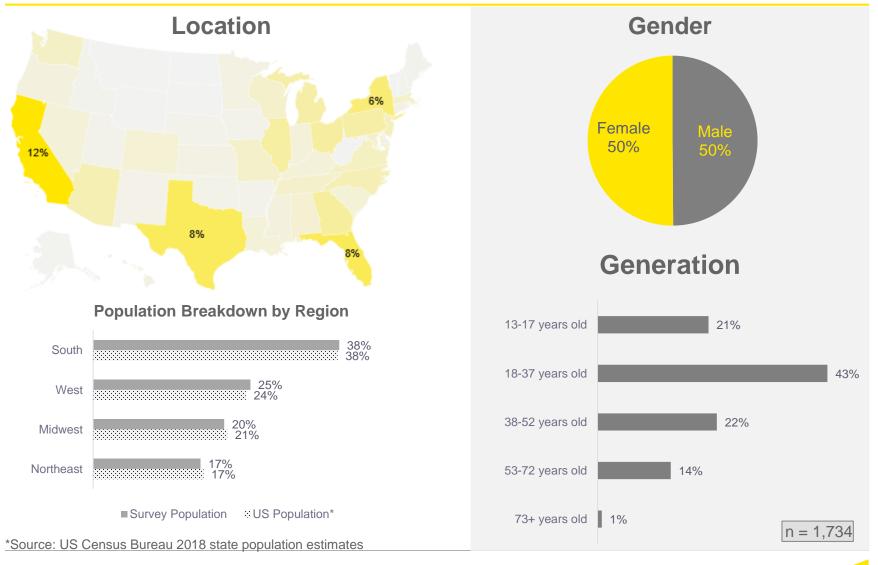
Note: Results presented include 2,191 respondents who indicated that they were, in some capacity (rarely, sometimes, usually, always), aware of whether the movie they streamed was released in a movie theatre. Respondents who reported that they were slightly, somewhat, or much more likely were grouped together as respondents who were <u>more likely</u> to stream a movie if they knew it was release in a movie theatre. Similarly, respondents who reported that they were slightly, somewhat, or much less likely were grouped together as respondents who were <u>less likely</u> to stream a movie if they knew it was released in theatres. Table may not sum due to rounding.



A: Demographics

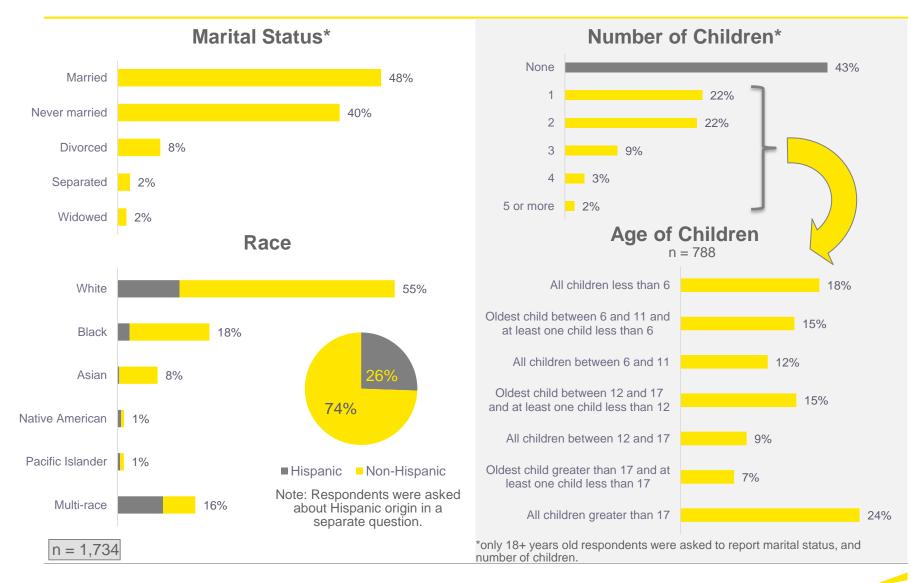


Demographics of dual-consumers





Demographics of dual-consumers



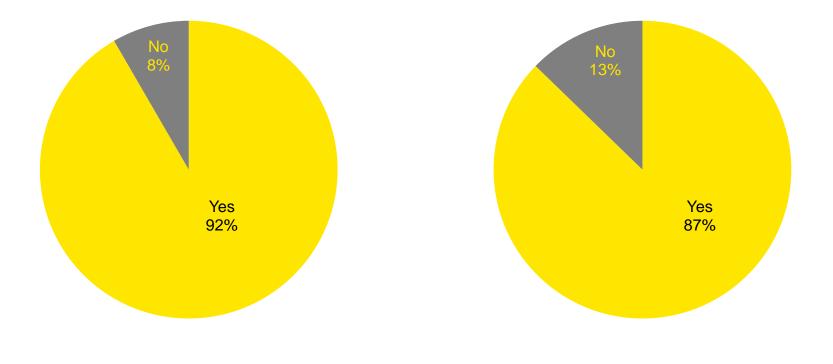
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EY

Access to high-speed internet

Access to wired high-speed internet at home

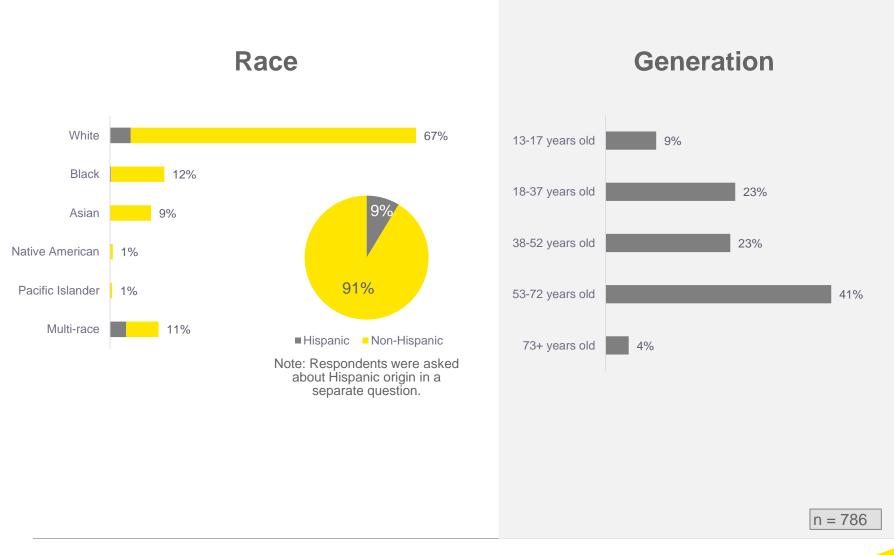
Access to wireless high-speed internet within household



n = 1,734

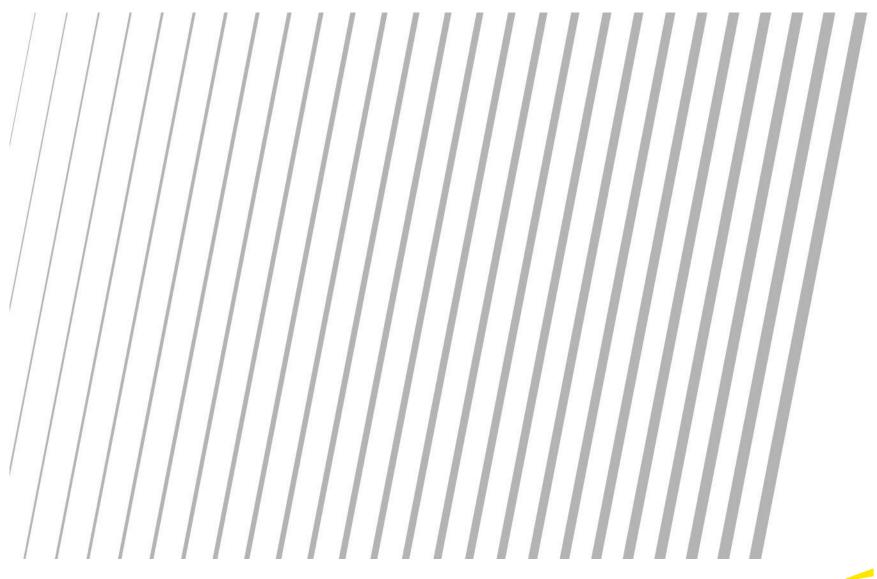


Demographics of non dual-consumers





B: Methodology



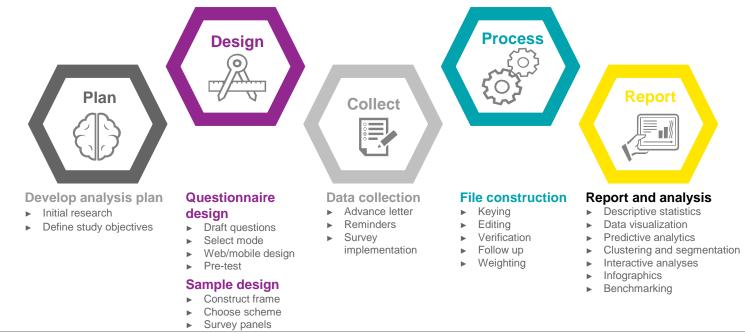
Survey quality

Two main types of error are considered in survey research; variable and systematic errors. **Variable errors** are the cumulative effect of the total error for a particular observation, either positive or negative. When the frequency of variable error is high, the data are often referred to as 'noisy', since variable error limits our ability to understand what the data are telling us. **Systematic errors** arise from faults in the measurement process; these errors lead to bias.

Variable errors are unavoidable, but can be reduced using appropriate techniques of statistical inference. Systematic errors can be reduced by making improvements to the survey process – these errors are the chief focus of our survey quality process.

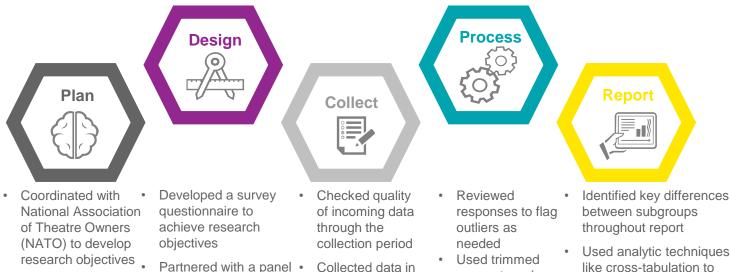
Survey error can also be classified by its two main sources – sampling error and non-sampling error. Sampling error arises from basing an estimate for the population value on a sample rather than the entire population. In general, sampling error contributes to increased variability in the data. It is measurable and often can be reduced by increasing the sample size or using more sophisticated sample designs.

Non-sampling errors are those arising from sources other than sampling. They tend to contribute to the systematic errors which can be mitigated through good survey practice. On the next page, we describe the steps we have taken to mitigate survey error at each of the five survey stages outlined in the figure below.





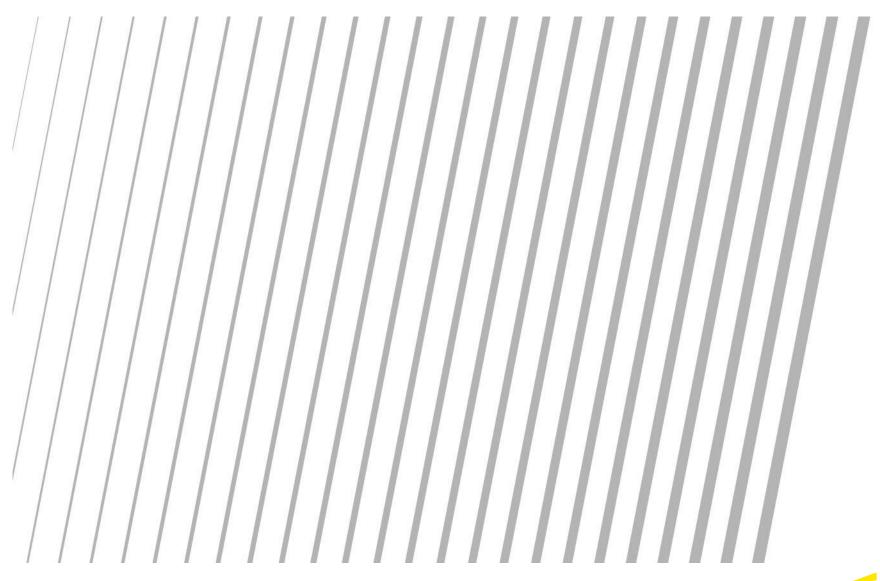
Steps taken to mitigate survey error



- Considered lessons • learned from the first two iterations of the study
- vendor to deploy the survey on the web to 2,500 target respondents
- Extensively tested the . web survey tool for coherence and logic
- Targeted respondents based on the demographic profile of movie goers provided by NATO
- Collected data in an efficient manner in November -December 2019
- means to reduce the impact of outliers
- Used analytic techniques like cross-tabulation to derive deeper insight and segment the survey population



C: Study comparison



Dual consumer movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption comparison

		Number of v	Number of visits to a movie theatre over the last 12 months						
			1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more			
		1 to 3 hours	28%	21%	16%	13%			
First Study		4 to 7 hours	32%	36%	31%	25%			
FY2018		8 to 14 hours	20%	21%	26%	28%			
112010		15 or more hours	20%	23%	28%	33%			
		# of respondents	358	440	288	332			
		Mean* hours spent streaming	8 hr/wk	9 hr/wk	10 hr/wk	12 hr/wk			
	inç								
	m		1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more			
	spent	1 to 3 hours	39%	30%	18%	15%			
Previous Study		4 to 7 hours	28%	33%	30%	26%			
FY2019		8 to 14 hours	18%	20%	26%	28%			
112013		15 or more hours	15%	18%	26%	31%			
		# of respondents	460	511	323	438			
	week	Mean* hours spent streaming	7 hr/wk	8 hr/wk	10 hr/wk	11 hr/wk			
	>								
	per		1 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 8	9 or more			
		1 to 3 hours	35%	27%	17%	12%			
New Study	Hours	4 to 7 hours	30%	31%	33%	27%			
	н	8 to 14 hours	19%	23%	27%	26%			
FY2020		15 or more hours	15%	19%	23%	35%			
		# of respondents	468	579	305	382			
		Mean* hours spent streaming	7 hr/wk	8 hr/wk	10 hr/wk	12 hr/wk			

Note: Figures may not appear to sum due to rounding. *Means are reported as 95% trimmed means.



Streaming behavior of non-moviegoers comparison

<u>First Study –</u>	FY2018	Previous Study	– FY2019	New Study – FY2020		
Online streaming of those who did movie theatre	not visit a	Online streaming I those who did n movie theatre in f months	ot visit a the last 12	Online streaming behavior of those who did not visit a movie theatre in the last 12 months		
Did not stream	48%	Did not stream	49%	Did not stream	47%	
1 to 3 hours	13%	1 to 3 hours	20%	1 to 3 hours	17%	
4 to 7 hours	13%	4 to 7 hours	14%	4 to 7 hours	12%	
8 to 14 hours	11%	8 to 14 hours	9%	8 to 14 hours	12%	
15 or more hours	14%	15 or more hours	9%	15 or more hours	12%	
# of respondents	401	# of respondents	500	# of respondents	505	
Mean* hours spent streaming	5 hr/wk	Mean* hours spent streaming	4 hr/wk	Mean* hours spent streaming	4 hr/wk	
Of those who didn't visit a 2017, nearly half (48%) o online conte	lidn't stream any	Of those who didn't visit a movie theatre in the last 12 months, nearly half (49%) didn't stream any online content.		Of those who didn't visit a movie theatre in the last 12 months, nearly half (47%) didn't stream any online content.		
Of those who did not visit at all in 2017, only a c streamed online conter hours per we	quarter (25%) ht for 8 or more	Of those who did not visit at all in the last 12 mon streamed online conten hours per we	ths, only 18% t for 8 or more	Of those who did not vis at all in the last 12 mo streamed online conte hours per v	onths, only 23% ent for 8 or more	

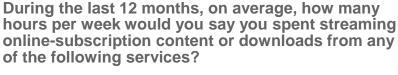
Note: Figures may not appear to sum due to rounding. *Means are reported as 95% trimmed means.



II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption of dual consumers, FY2018-2020

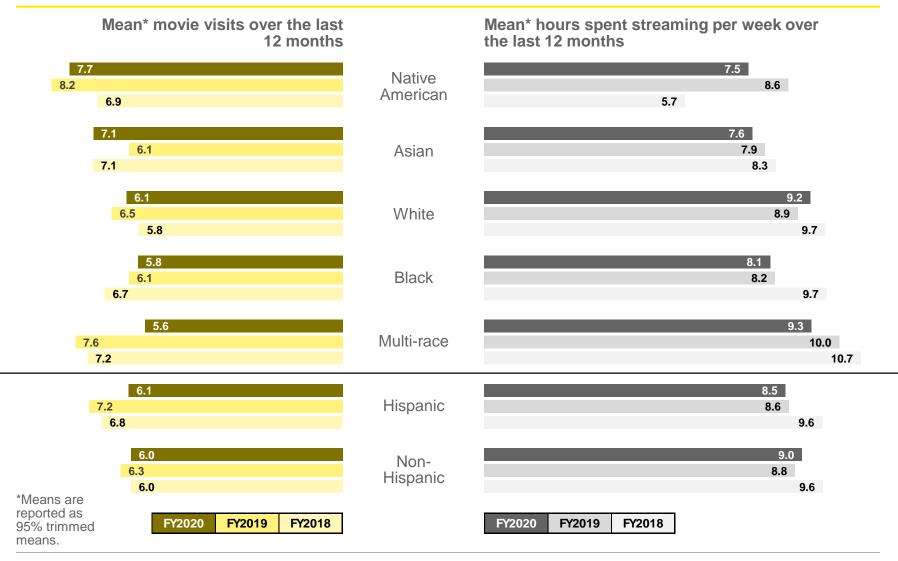
During the last 12 months, about how many times did you go to the movies at theatres?

11% 1 movie 11% 10% 16% 25% 2 movies 15% 1 to 3 hours 28% 12% 3 movies 21% 12% 11% 10% 4 movie 29% 11% 10% 4 to 7 hours 29% 5 movies 8% 30% 10% 6 movies 9% 10% 23% 3% 7 movies 8 to 14 hours 22% 5% 5% 23% 8 movies 6% 22% 3% 3% 9 movies 15 or more hours 21% 2% 19% 26% 10 or more movies 22% 21% 2020 2019 2018 2020 2019 2018



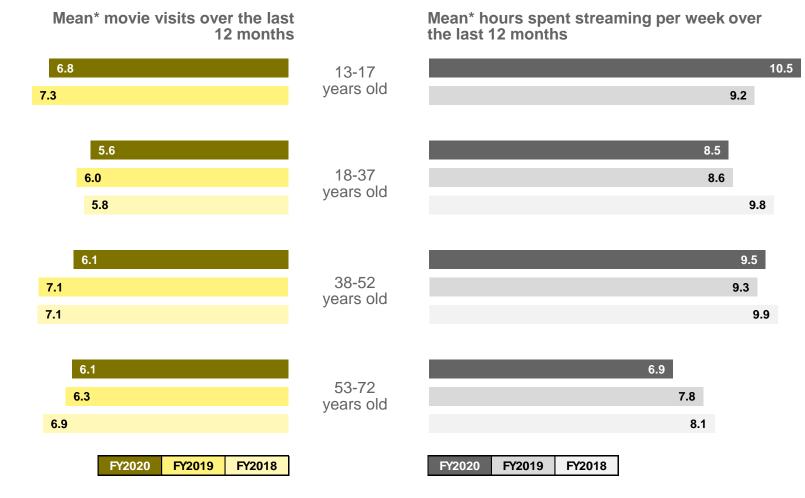


II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers by race, FY2018-2020





II: Movie theatre attendance and streaming consumption, dual-consumers by age, FY2018-2020



Note: The FY2018 survey was only distributed to respondents ages 18 and above. *Means are reported as 95% trimmed means.

